

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS Washington, D.C. 20231 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	. FI	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/448,088	1	1/23/1999	EDWARD A. RICHLEY	D/98588	4649
25453	7590	03/28/2002			
PATENT	DOCUME	NTATION CEN	EXAMINER		
	ORPORAT TON AVE.,	ION SOUTH, XEROX	LE, UYEN CHAU N		
ROCHEST	ER, NY 1	4644		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
				2876	
				DATE MAILED: 03/28/2002	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			<u> </u>					
	Application No.	Applicant(s)						
	09/448,088	RICHLEY ET AL.						
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit						
	Uyen-Chau N. Le	2876						
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover she	et with the correspondence ad	dress					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM								
 THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period in Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). 	36(a). In no event, however, ny within the statutory minimum will apply and will expire SIX (6	nay a reply be timely filed of thirty (30) days will be considered timel) MONTHS from the mailing date of this c me ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	y. ommunication.					
Status 1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 07.	lanuary 2002							
,	nis action is non-final.							
		l matters, prosecution as to the	ne merits is					
3) Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under Disposition of Claims	Ex parte Quayle, 193	5 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
4) Claim(s) 1-8 is/are pending in the application.								
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	wn from consideratio	٦.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8</u> is/are rejected.	☑ Claim(s) <u>1-8</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.								
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requiremer	nt.						
Application Papers								
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.								
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner. If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.								
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.								
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120								
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).								
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:								
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.								
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).								
* See the attached detailed Office action for a lis			al application)					
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).								
 a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121. 								
Attachment(s)								
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) 🔲 No	erview Summary (PTO-413) Paper N tice of Informal Patent Application (P ner:						
LLS Patent and Trademark Office								

DETAILED ACTION

Prelim. Amdt/Amendment

1. Receipt is acknowledged of the Amendment filed 07 January 2002.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 4. Claims 1 and 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bowers et al (US 5,963,134) in view of Livingston (JP 10-123,251).

Re claims 1 and 4, Bowers et al discloses a system 10 for identification and tracking of tags 54 distributed in a room. The system comprising a base station 42 for scanning beam; a tag 54 reactive to incident beams; and a tag tracking system 52 receiving input from the base station

Application/Control Number: 09/448,088

Art Unit: 2876

42; the tag tracking system 52 storing state records of position and information content of the tag 54; wherein the tag 54 is passive (figs. 1-4; col. 7, line 8 through col. 10, line 64).

Bowers et al fails to teach or fairly suggest that the system is using laser technology, wherein the base station is a laser base station.

Livingston teaches the above limitation with a laser base tracking system for tracking the position on an object 20 is provided with two lasers [26, 30] (see English abstract).

It would have been obvious to an artisan of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teachings of Livingston into the teachings of Bowers et al in order to provide Bowers et al with the latest technology system, wherein the laser beam would provide the system with a more accurate result, and thus providing a more user-friendly system. Furthermore, such modification would have been an obvious extension as taught by Bowers et al, well within the ordinary skill in the art, and therefore an obvious expedient.

5. Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bowers et al as modified by Livingston as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Teitel et al (US 5,812,257). The teachings of Bowers et al as modified by Livingston have been discussed above.

Re claim 2, see discussion re claim 1. Bowers et al/Livingston have been discussed above but fails to expressly disclose or fairly suggest teaches that the tag tracking system determines angular position of the tag with respect to the laser base station.

Teitel et al teaches the above limitation in col. 1, lines 10-13.

It would have been obvious to an artisan of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teachings of Teitel et al into the teachings of Bowers et

Application/Control Number: 09/448,088

Art Unit: 2876

al/Livingston in order to provide Bowers et al with a more accurate system, wherein the exact location/position of an object can be determined. Furthermore, such modification would have Bowers et al with a more user-friendly system, in which it would provide the user an organized inventory storage record and would save a lot of time for the user in finding an object. Accordingly, such modification would have been an obvious extension as taught by Bowers et al/Livingston, well within ordinary skill in the art, and therefore an obvious expedient.

6. Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bowers et al as modified by Livingston as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Kibrick (US 4,901,073). The teachings of Bowers et al as modified by Livingston have been discussed above.

Re claim 3, see discussion re claim 1. Bowers et al/Livingston teaches that the system further comprising at least two laser base stations 42 (col. 8, lines 1-20) but fails to teach or fairly suggest that the tag tracking system determines absolute position of the tag.

Kibrick teaches the above limitation in the abstract, lines 1-15.

It would have been obvious to an artisan of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teachings of Bowers et al/Livingston into the teachings of Bowers et al in order to provide Bowers et al with a more accurate system, wherein the exact location/position of an object can be determined. Furthermore, such modification would have Bowers et al with a more user-friendly system, in which it would provide the user an organized inventory storage record and would save a lot of time for the user in finding an object. Accordingly, such modification would have been an obvious extension as taught by Bowers et al/Livingston, well within ordinary skill in the art, and therefore an obvious expedient.

Page 5

Application/Control Number: 09/448,088

Art Unit: 2876

above.

7. Claims 5-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bowers et al as modified by Livingston as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Moran et al (US 6,005,482). The teachings of Bowers et al as modified by Livingston have been discussed

Re claims 5-8, see discussion re claim 1. Bowers et al/Livingston have been discussed above but fails to expressly disclose or fairly suggest that the tag is active, having an internal power supply to power a data broadcast element; an optical data output element; a radio data output element; an acoustic data output element.

Moran et al teaches the above limitation in fig. 3; col. 8, line 47 through col. 9, line 10.

It would have been obvious to an artisan of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teachings of Moran et al into the teachings of Bowers et al/Livingston in order to provide Bowers et al with a more user-friendly system, wherein the user has the flexibility to retrieve the output data in various of forms (i.e., optical form, radio form, or acoustic form, etc.). Furthermore, such modification would have been an obvious extension as taught by Bowers et al/Livingston, well within ordinary skill in the art, and therefore an obvious expedient.

Response to Arguments

8. Applicant's arguments with respect to claim 1 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Application/Control Number: 09/448,088

Art Unit: 2876

Conclusion

9. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

The patents to Maeda et al (DE 3,827,761) and Nemirovsky et al (US 4,784,064) are cited as of interest and illustrate a similar structure to a laser locating and tracking system for externally activated tags.

10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Uyen-Chau N. Le whose telephone number is 703-306-5588. The examiner can normally be reached on M-T and TR-F 8:30-7:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, MICHAEL G LEE can be reached on (703) 305-3503. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-308-7722 for regular communications and 703-308-7724 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0956.

Uyen-Chau N. Le

March 21, 2002

THIEN M. LE PRIMARY EXAMINER Page 6